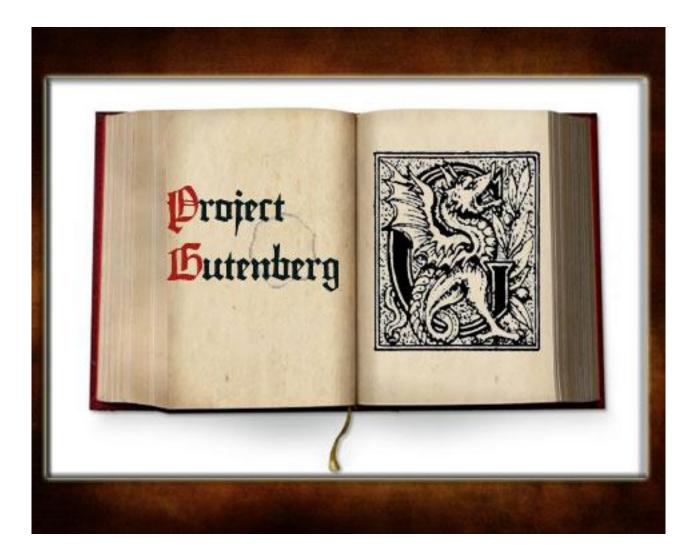
eBooks in Libraries: Challenges and Opportunities

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March 7, 2012



Phase I: Early eBooks



History J History

Michael S. Hart launches Project Gutenberg and digitizes the Unites States Declaration of Independence, which becomes the first e-book in the world.

This year the first e-mail is sent between two host computers.

Number of Books Digitized by Project Gutenberg



35

The Voyager Company, a pioneer in CD-ROM production, is founded. Among published works there are also "expanded books", including *Jurassic Park* by Michael Crichton and *Virtual Light* by William Gibson.

Commodore launches the Amiga personal computer.

1993

Digital Book, Inc. offers the first 50 digital books in floppy disk with Digital Book Format (DBF).

Hugo Award for Best Novel nominee texts published on CD-ROM by Brad Templeton.

Mosaic, the first graphical web browser, is released.

First dedicated e-book readers are released: Rocket Ebook and SoftBook.

Kim Blagg obtains the first ISBN issued to an e-book and begins to promote multimedia-enhanced e-books on CDs.

Google, Inc. is founded by Larry Page and Sergey Brin.

2000

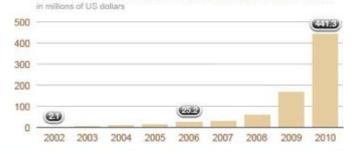
Stephen King offers his novella *Riding the Bullet* in digital file; it can only be read on a computer. During the first 24 hours, over 400,000 copies of a book are downloaded.

The first Blu-ray Disc prototypes are unveiled.

Random House and HarperCollins start to sell digital versions of their publications.

The dot-com bubble bear market reaches bottom.

US Trade Wholesale E-book Sales 2002-2010



2005

Bookboon.com is launched, allowing people to download free textbooks and travel guide e-books.

Phase II: First eReaders: 1998

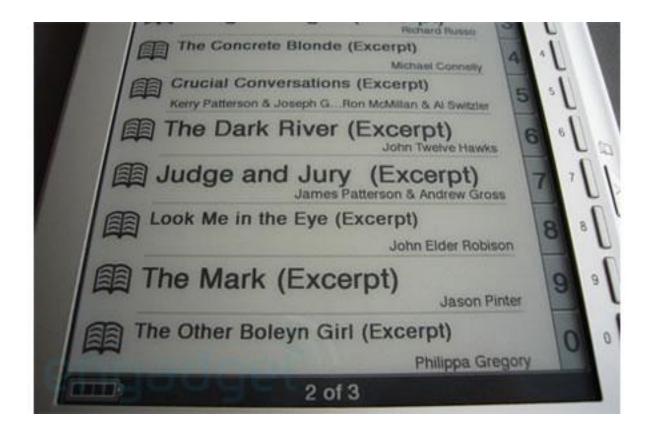




Phase III: Libraries Get Involved



Phase IV: eInk Technology



Are we at the eBook Tipping Point?



Source: http://blog.publishingtechnology.com/wp-content/uploads/2011/03/Books_and_Kindle.jpg



Types of eBooks in Libraries

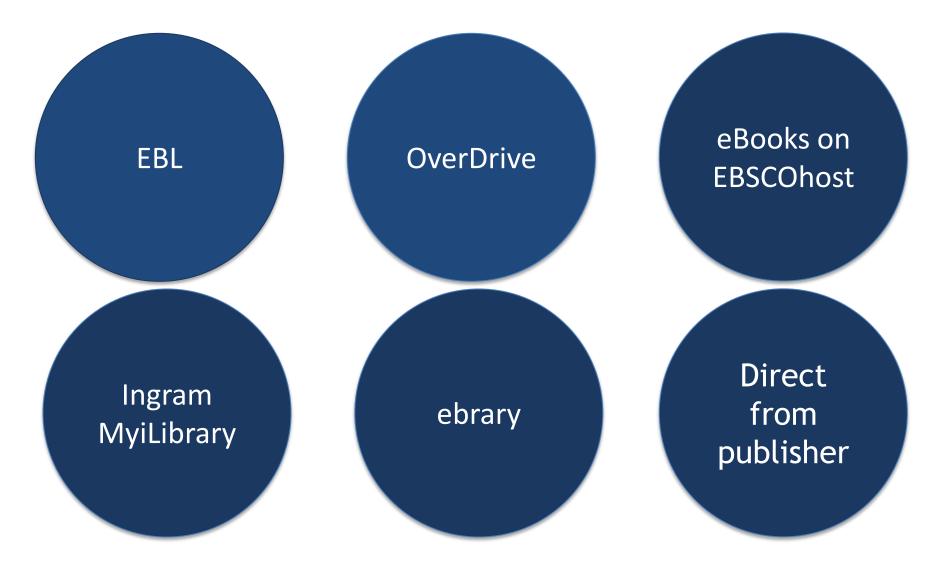
Downloadable

- Checkout readers
- Download/checkout to personal device
- Popular titles, bestsellers
- Ebooks/audiobooks
- One user at a time

View Only

- Online eBooks
- Requires a browser and Internet connection web-based
- No offline reading
- Multiple users
- Academic titles, reference

eBook Sources for Libraries

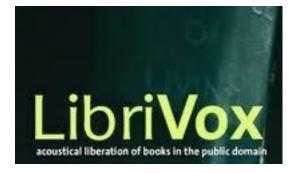


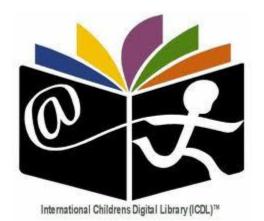
eBooks & Public Domain Content



Inkmesh

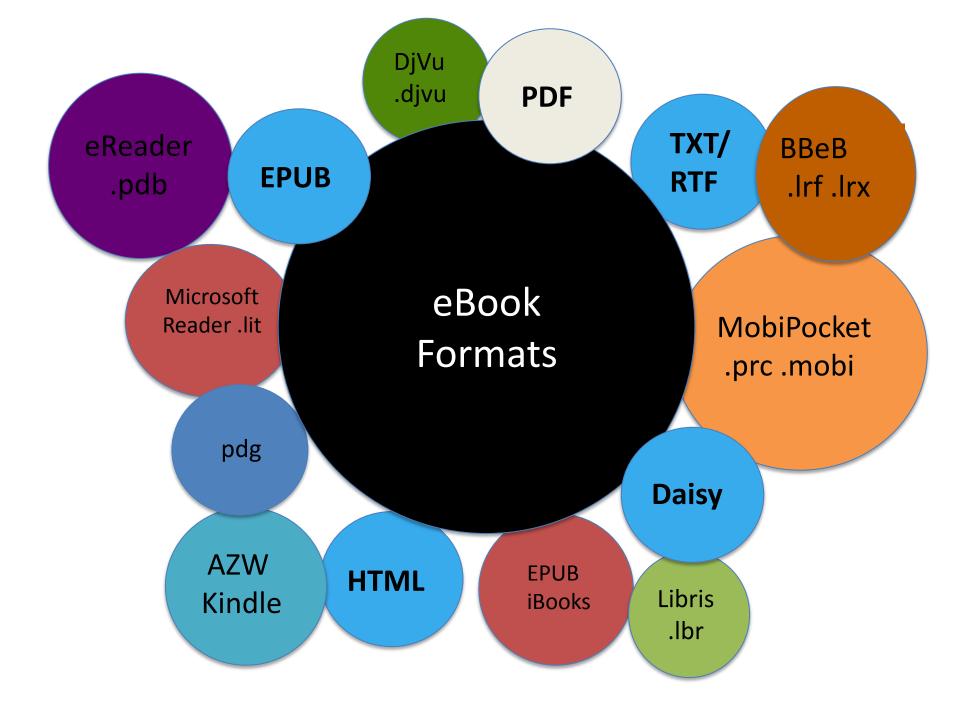


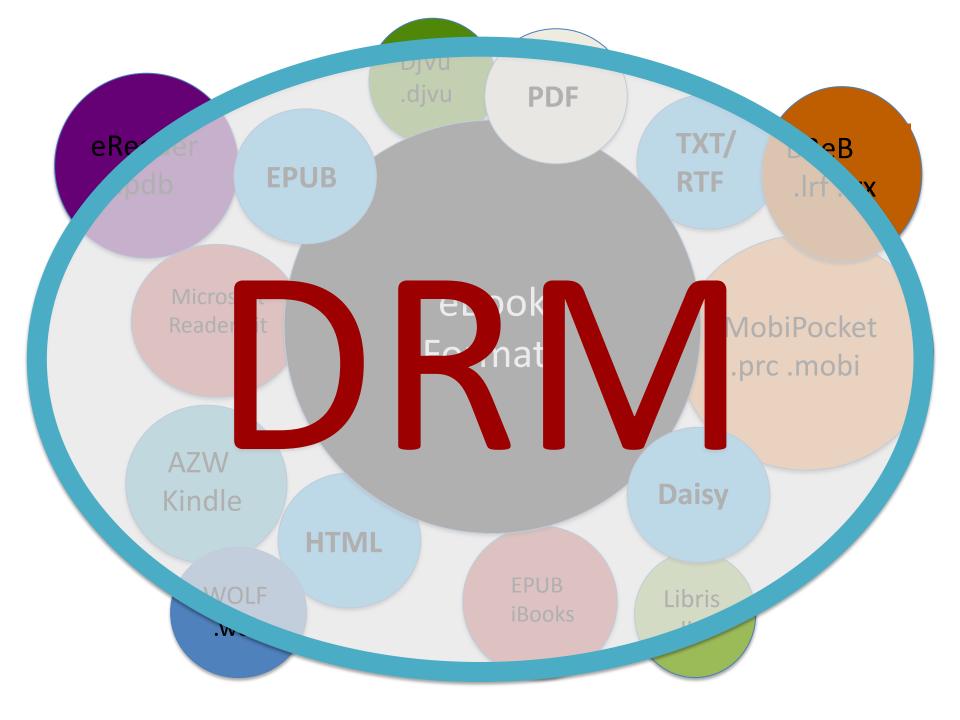












Issues for Libraries | DRM







The EPUB standard



• Adopted in 2007

- **e**PUB
- International Digital Publishing Forum
- Not used consistently
- Sony and iPad adopted EPUB as standard
- DRM can still be added

• www.idpf.org

Additional Questions to Consider



http://gizmodo.com/5478842/giz-explains-how-youre-gonna-get-screwed-by-ebook-formats

Cataloging and Legal Deposit of eBooks

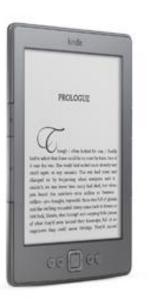
- Many vendors will provide MARC records for downloading to your ILS
- eBooks should be integrated into the library's broader collections - see what the University of Pennsylvania has done.
- In the U.S., books in electronic format are submitted to the Electronic Copyright Office for registration and Library of Congress deposit system.

Modern Devices

- Over 50
- Dedicated
- Web-based
- Tablets/multifunctional
- Applications for handheld devices



Kindle Development







s79

Kindle Touch \$99

Kindle Fire \$199



eReader Program Options



- In library viewing "petting zoo"
- Check-out, 2 hour reserve
- Loan reader with content
- Offer downloadable content for checkout



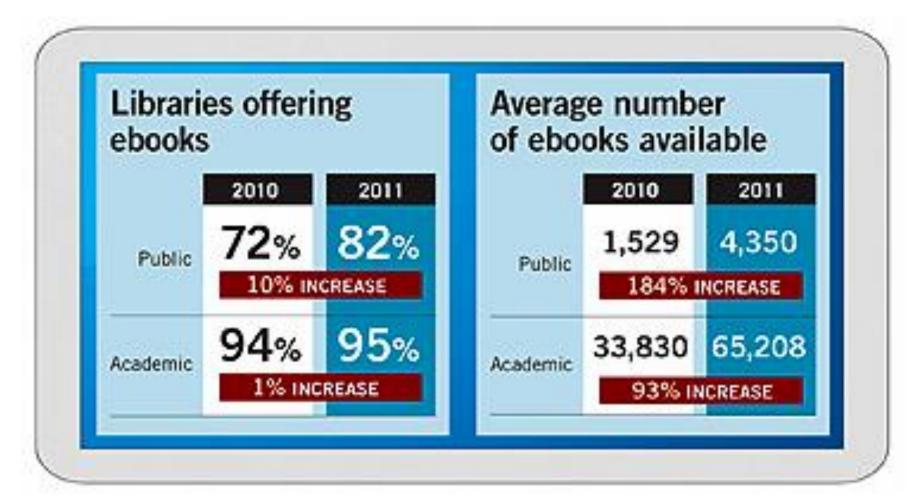
eBooks Offer Libraries Opportunities

- To be on the forefront of innovative ideas
- To integrate print with electronic resources
- To collaborate with other libraries on a new level
- To educate the public on new technology
- To use freed-up space for programs and collaborative projects
- To offer a service for those who cannot afford it
- To give people an option to try devices before they buy them

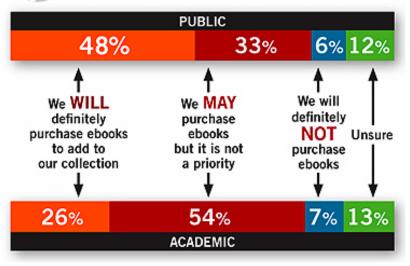
Challenges of eBooks

- Legal Issues digital rights management
- Libraries must be advocates for reasonable copyright restrictions
- Deeper collaboration with publishers needed
- Expensive
- Digital divide
- Rapidly changing environment
- Multiple devices, multiple formats
- Separate purchasing plan needed
- Staff training

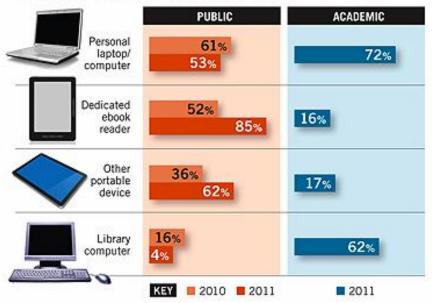
Library Journal's 2011 eBook Survey Results

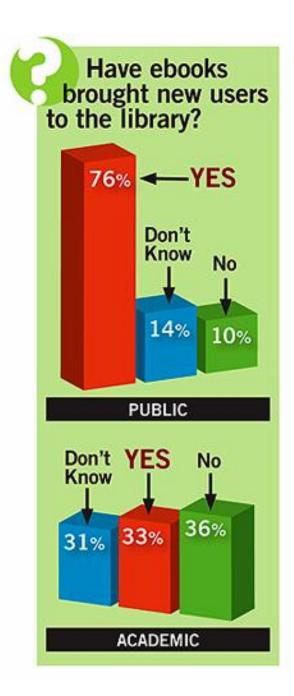


If not currently offering ebooks, do you plan to in the next two years?



Devices ebooks are read on

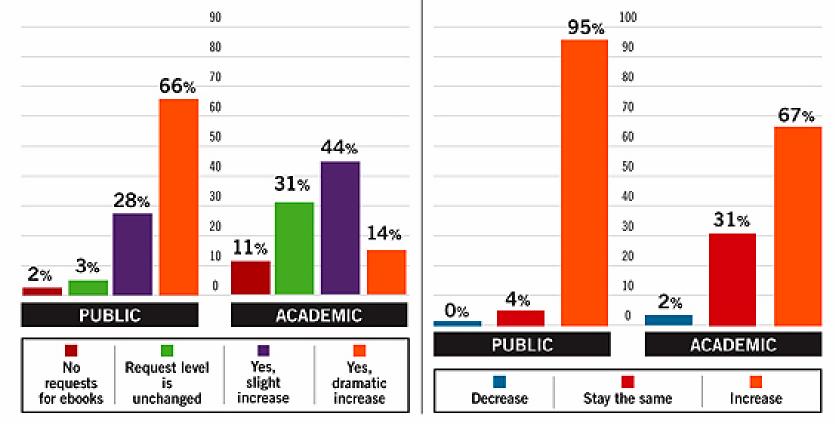




Why not offer ebooks? PUBLIC ACADEMIC Lack of ereading 16% 50% devices No money 54% 33% for ebooks Waiting to see what the 40% 35% best platform will be 10% 33% No demand Lack of 12% 30% technical support Don't understand 8% 17% logistics of ebooks 25% 7% Other

Did you experience an increase in ebook requests from users?

What do you expect to happen with this year's ebook circulation?



Resources

Blogs

- The Digital Shift <u>http://www.thedigitalshift.com</u>
- Go To Hellman <u>http://go-to-hellman.blogspot.com</u>
- Information Wants to be Free <u>http://meredith.wolfwater.com/wordpress/</u>
- No Shelf Required <u>http://www.libraries.wright.edu/noshelfrequired/</u> Book
- No Shelf Required 2: Use and Management of Electronic Books, edited by Sue Polanka. ALA Editions, 2012.

Examples

- New York Public Library <u>http://ebooks.nypl.org/</u>
- Online Books Page: University of Pennsylvania
 <u>http://onlinebooks.library.upenn.edu/</u>

Thanks for coming today!

Karen Hartman hartmankp@state.gov

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