

Bianca Saporiti
Regional Manager OVID Technologies

The ovid technologies experience:
Accessing journals and books online
(Εμπορική Παρουσίαση)
(Commercial Presentation)

Our Goal:

- Improve education
- Improve research
- Provide relevant, accurate, current content

Meeting Research Needs

- Life and health sciences researchers
- Students of healthcare, medicine, and hospital administration
- Professors

Ovid's Core Content

- All core biomedical databases
- Full text journals - Journals@Ovid
- Full text books - Books@Ovid
- Evidence-based medicine resources
- All linked together

Journals@Ovid -The Content

- 750+ premier titles available specific to health science
 - BMJ, NEJM, JAMA...
 - Top nursing titles
 - Many titles go back to 1993

- PsycArticles -full text journals from APA
 - 43 premier full text psychology journals
- This year
 - All 750 Kluwer Academic Press titles
 - Plus 150 medical titles from Blackwell Publishers in 2002 - total to date 280 titles

journals@Ovid -The Features

- Title-by-title selection
- Access to table-of-contents and abstracts to all journals
- Fully 100% searchable
 - Cover-to-cover coverage
- PDF availability for printing
- Archive solution

Ovid's EBM Resources

- Leading provider of EBM resources
- Unique solution integrates EBM with more commonly used tools (MEDLINE)
 - EBM Reviews contains ACP Journal Club and the Cochrane Library- DARE, CCTR, and Cochrane Database of Systematic Reviews
 - All fully linked to both journals@Ovid and bibliographic databases
 - Online Ovid links from MEDLINE to EBM reviews based on studies reviewed

Books@Ovid

- 170+ premier clinical reference texts
 - OUP textbook titles
 - Author's such as Kaplan's, DeVita's, Greenfield's
 - Quick reference
 - Specialty texts, and nursing texts
- 100% searchable, 100% browsable

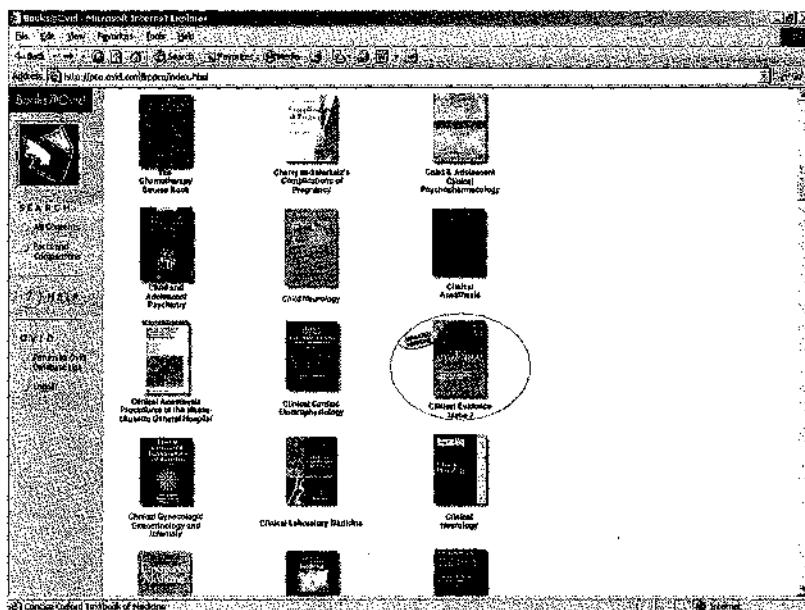
- 115 McGraw-Hill titles in total available by end of 2002 - many already loaded and live

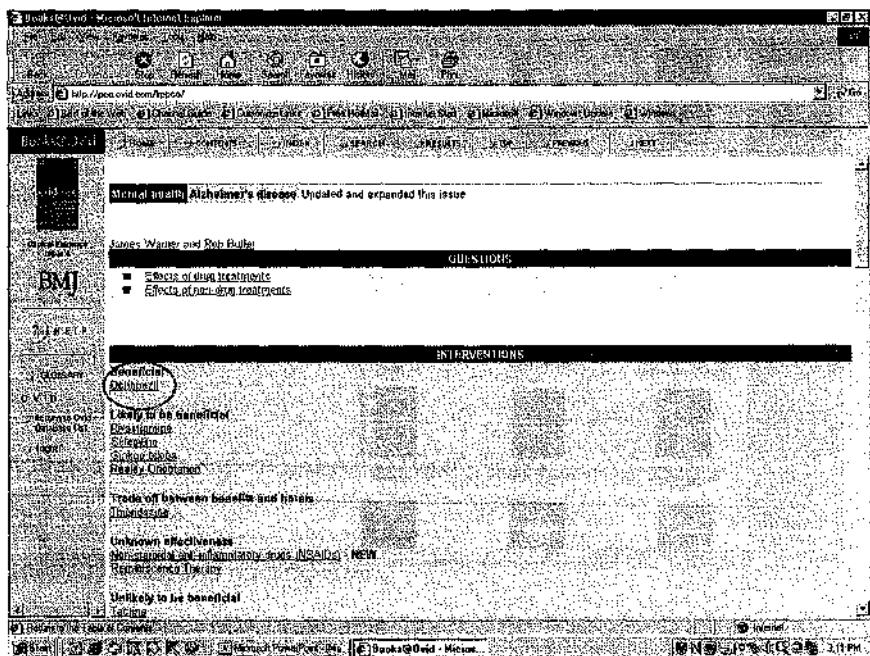
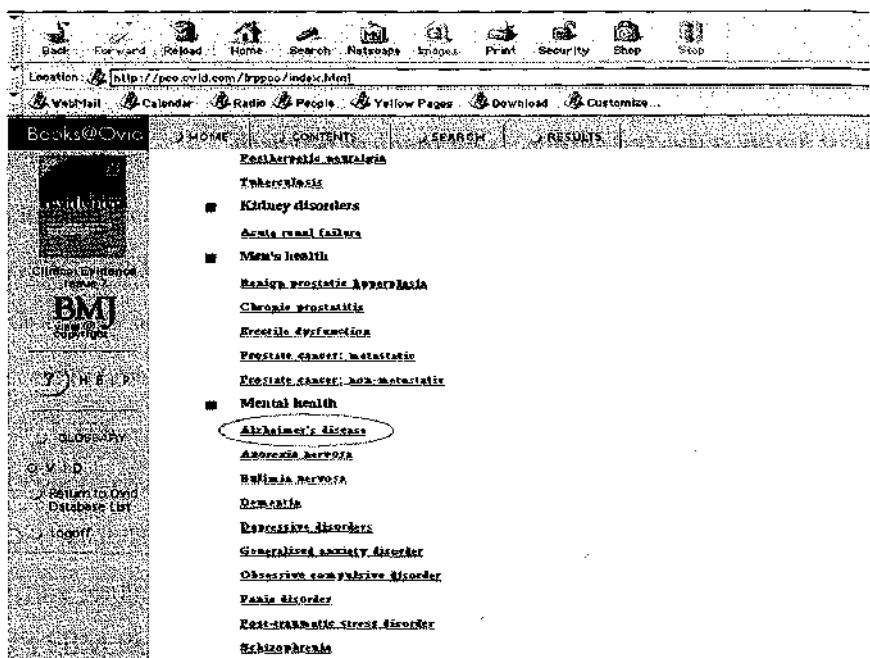
Databases@Ovid

The most highly respected databases for medical research

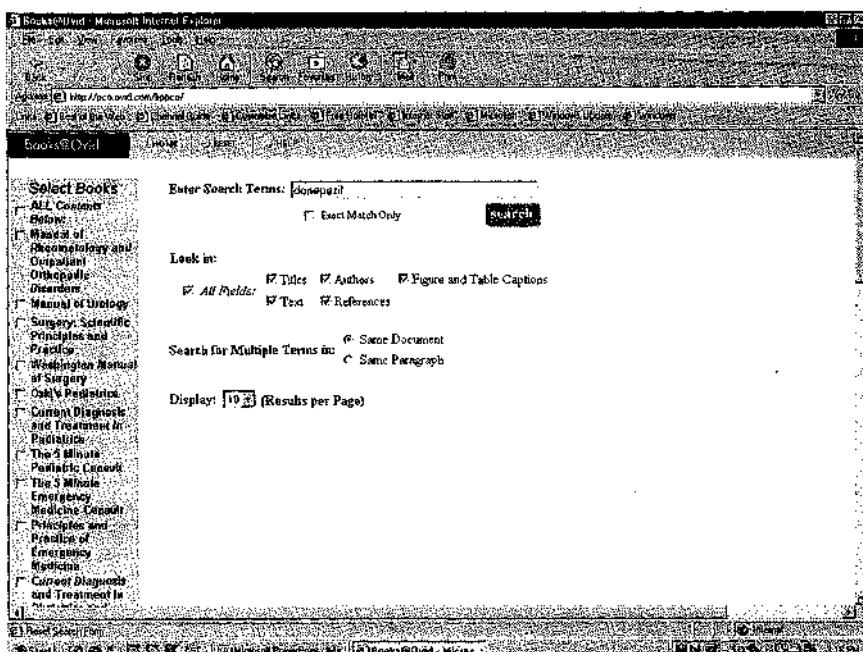
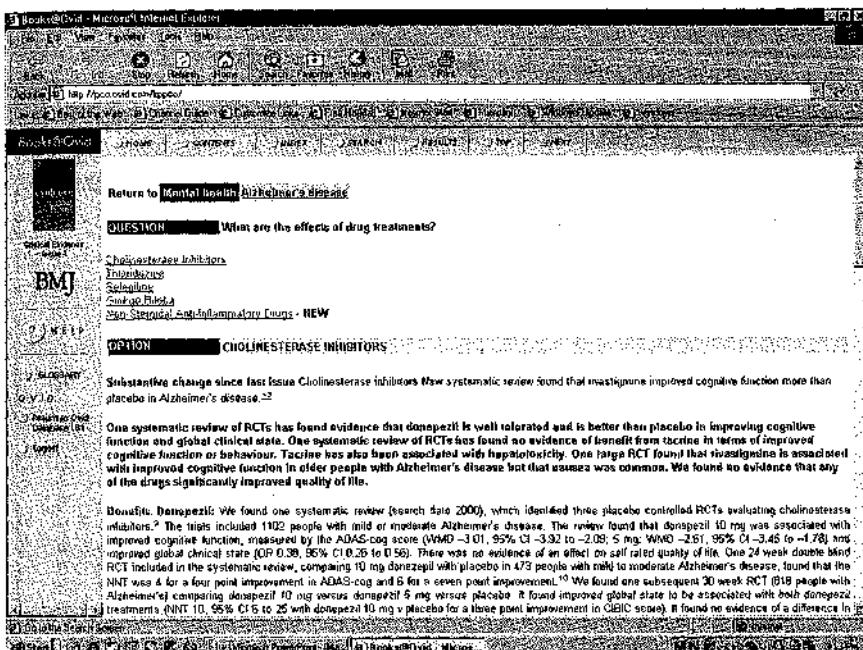
- Including:
 - Medline and Pre-Medline (updated daily)
 - EBMR
 - CINAHL
 - PsycINFO
 - BIOSIS
 - Current Contents
 - AMED (Allied and Complimentary Medicine)

Now let's see how it all integrates and works...





11ο ΠΑΝΕΛΛΗΝΙΟ ΣΥΝΕΔΡΙΟ ΑΚΑΔΗΜΑΪΚΩΝ ΒΙΒΛΙΟΘΗΚΩΝ



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Address http://pca.oncconline.org/pcc/

Search Results

Results 1 • 2 of 2 matches for *donepezil*

1. 100% DONEPEZIL HCl
Source: *Facts and Comparisons*
Search for more documents like this one

2. 95% Chapter 7. CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM AGENTS
Source: *Facts and Comparisons*
Search for more documents like this one

Home New Search Top

BookGovid - Microsoft Internet Explorer

Address http://pca.oncconline.org/pcc/

DONEPEZIL HCl

Tablets: 5 and 10 mg (Rx) Aricept (Eisai/Pfizer)

Indications:

Alzheimer's disease: The treatment of mild-to-moderate dementia of the Alzheimer's type.

Administration and Dosage:

The dosages of *donepezil* are 5 and 10 mg once per day in the evening, just prior to retiring.

The higher dose of 10 mg did not provide a statistically significant clinical benefit greater than that of 5 mg. Do not increase to 10 mg until patients have been on a daily dose of 5 mg for 4 to 6 weeks.

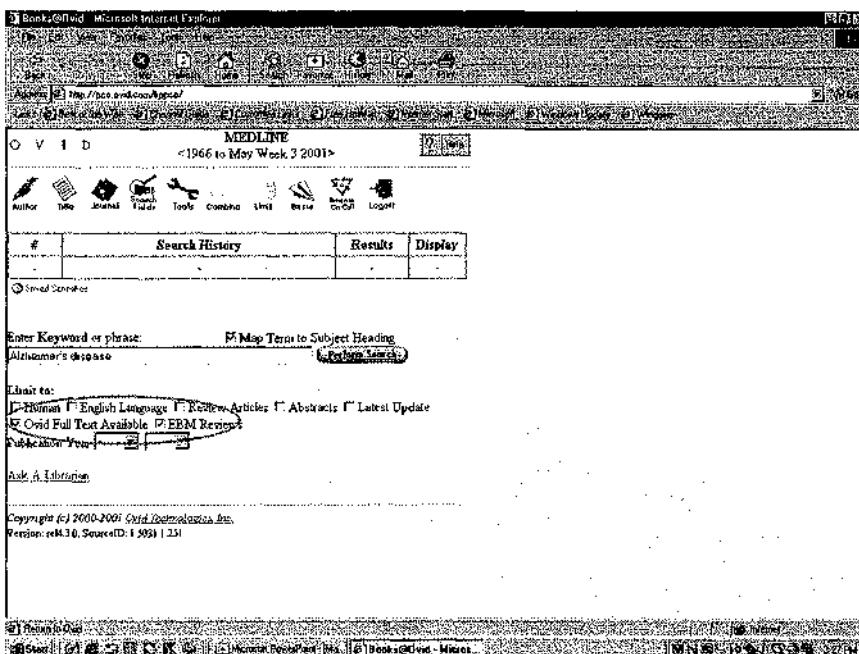
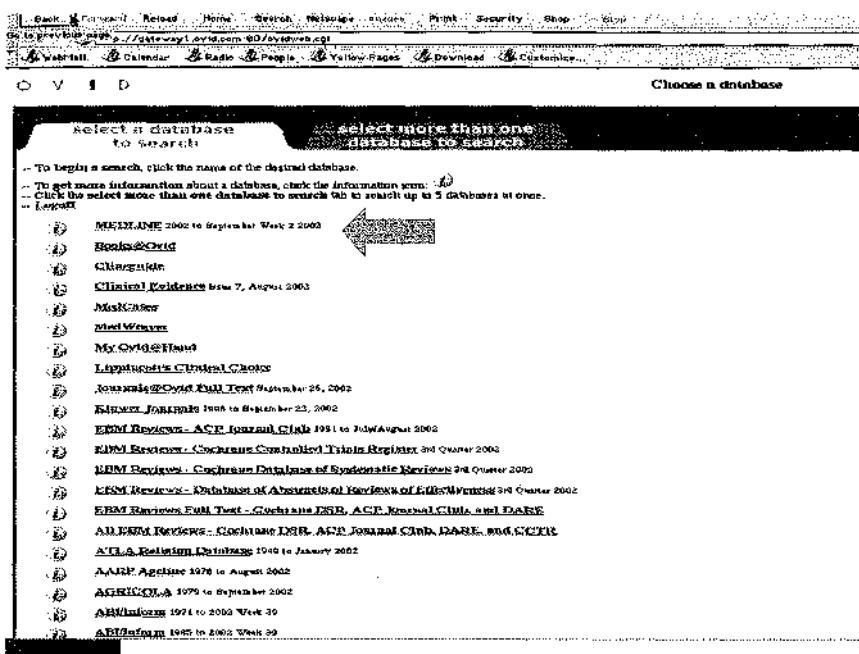
Donepezil may be taken with or without food.

Actions:

Pharmacology: *Donepezil* is postulated to exert its therapeutic effect by enhancing cholinergic function. This increase in cholinergic function is accomplished by increasing the concentration of acetylcholine through reversible inhibition of its hydrolysis by acetylcholinesterase (AChE). If this proposed mechanism of action is correct, *donepezil*'s effect may lessen as the disease process advances and fewer cholinergic neurons remain functionally intact. There is no evidence that *donepezil* alters the course of the underlying dementing process.

BookGovid - Microsoft Internet Explorer

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Mapping Display

Combine selections with: **OR** **AND** **NOT**

Your term mapped to the following Subject Headings:
See term mapped to thesaurus term

Select	Subject Heading	Explode Focus Scope
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Alzheimer Disease	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	Alzheimer's disease mp. search as Keyword	

Hints:

- Click on a Subject Heading to view its tree - related terms that are more general and more specific.
- Select the Explode box if you wish to retrieve citations using the selected term and all of its more specific terms.
- Select the Focus box if you wish to limit your search to those documents in which your subject heading is considered the major point of the article.
- If your search did not map to a desirable subject heading, select the box Search as Keyword.
- If you select more than one term, you can combine them using a boolean operator (AND or OR).
- If you wish to see the scope note for any term or heading, click on the information icon, when available.

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Subheading Display

Combine selections with: **OR** **AND** **NOT**

Subheadings for: Alzheimer Disease

Include All Subheadings (2449)

- or choose one or more of these subheadings -

<input type="checkbox"/> Ab - Blood (698)	<input type="checkbox"/> An - Microbiology (48)
<input type="checkbox"/> Ab - Cerebrospinal Fluid (600)	<input type="checkbox"/> Ano - Mortality (211)
<input type="checkbox"/> Ab - Chemically Induced (212)	<input type="checkbox"/> Anu - Nursing (627)
<input type="checkbox"/> Ab - Classification (357)	<input type="checkbox"/> App - Parasitology (2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Ab - Complications (1350)	<input type="checkbox"/> App - Pathology (577)
<input type="checkbox"/> Ab - Diagnosis (4114)	<input type="checkbox"/> App - Physiopathology (3418)
<input type="checkbox"/> Ab - Diet Therapy (18)	<input type="checkbox"/> App - Prevention & Control (342)
<input type="checkbox"/> Ab - Drug Therapy (2447)	<input type="checkbox"/> App - Psychology (3933)
<input type="checkbox"/> Ab - Economics (204)	<input type="checkbox"/> Ar - Radiography (222)
<input type="checkbox"/> Ab - Embryology (1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Ar - Radionuclide Imaging (626)
<input type="checkbox"/> Ab - Endocrinology (909)	<input type="checkbox"/> Ar - Rehabilitation (133)
<input type="checkbox"/> Ab - Epidemiology (1222)	<input type="checkbox"/> Ar - Surgery (36)
<input type="checkbox"/> Ab - Ethnology (110)	<input type="checkbox"/> Ar - Therapy (1073)
<input type="checkbox"/> Ab - Etiology (1474)	<input type="checkbox"/> Ar - Transmission (22)
<input type="checkbox"/> Ab - Genetics (3579)	<input type="checkbox"/> Ar - Ultrasonography (9)
<input type="checkbox"/> Ab - History (20)	<input type="checkbox"/> Ar - Urology (15)

11ο ΠΑΝΕΛΛΗΝΙΟ ΣΥΝΕΔΡΙΟ ΑΚΑΔΗΜΑΪΚΩΝ ΒΙΒΛΙΟΘΗΚΩΝ

The screenshot shows the Ovid MEDLINE search interface. The search history table has two entries:

#	Search History	Results	Display
1	Alzheimer Disease/	24491	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Complete Reference
2	Limit 1 to (ovid full text available and obo reviews)	15	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Display

Below the search history, there is a search bar with the placeholder "Enter Keyword or phrase:" and a checkbox for "Map Term to Subject Heading". There are also buttons for "Search" and "Advanced Search".

Under "Limit to:", there are checkboxes for Human, English Language, Review Articles, Abstracts, Latest Update, Ovid Full Text Available, EBM Reviews, and Publication Year (with dropdown menus for year ranges).

A "Ask A Librarian" link is present. The results section displays 1-10 of 15 citations, with a "Citation Manager" link at the bottom right.

The screenshot shows the Ovid MEDLINE search results page with four study abstracts listed:

- 1. Tariq BN, Solomon PR, Morris JC, Karshaw P, Lilienfeld S, Diaz C.** A 5-month randomized, placebo-controlled trial of galantamine in AD. The Galantamine USA-10 Study Group. [Clinical Trial. Journal Article. Multicenter Study. Randomized Controlled Trial] *Neurology*. 54(12):269-76, 2000 Jun 27.
UI: 20342948
Abstract • Complete Reference • Ovid Full Text • Topic Review • Library Holdings
- 2. Reiskind MA, Peckford ER, Westell T, Yuan W.** Galantamine in AD: A 6-month randomized, placebo-controlled trial with a 6-month extension. The Galantamine USA-1 Study Group. [Clinical Trial. Journal Article. Multicenter Study. Randomized Controlled Trial] *Neurology*. 54(13):2261-8, 2000 Jun 27.
UI: 20342947
Abstract • Complete Reference • Ovid Full Text • Topic Review • Library Holdings
- 3. Greenberg SM, Tennis MR, Brown LB, Gomez-Isla T, Hayden DL, Schoenfeld DA, Walsh KL, Corwin C, Daffner KR, Friedman P, Meadows ME, Sperling RA, Growdon JE.** Donepezil therapy in clinical practice: a randomized crossover study. [Clinical Trial. Journal Article. Multicenter Study. Randomized Controlled Trial] *Archives of Neurology*. 57(1):94-9, 2000 Jan.
UI: 20097920
Abstract • Complete Reference • Ovid Full Text • Topic Review • Library Holdings
- 4. Rieder M, Anand R, Cloin-Sain A, Gauthier S, Agid Y, Dal-Bianco P, Stadelin HB, Hartman R, Gharsabwi M.** Efficacy and safety of donepezil in patients with Alzheimer's disease: intradecadal randomized controlled trial [see comments]. [Clinical Trial. Journal Article. Multicenter Study. Randomized Controlled Trial] *BMJ*. 318(7143):623-9, 1999 Mar 6.
UI: 99105685
Abstract • Complete Reference • Ovid Full Text • Article Review • Library Holdings

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Volume (Issue 1) 2001 [no page #]

Donepezil for mild and moderate Alzheimer's disease
[Review]

Burk, JS; Melzer, D; Beppo, B

Date of Most Recent Update: 30-8-2000

Date of Most Recent Substantive Update: 30-8-2000

Cochrane Database and Cognitive Impairment
Mrs Jacqueline Baker, Medical Geriatrics
University of Oxford, Department of Clinical Gerontology, Oxford, UK OX2 0HE
Phone: +44 1865 224041 Fax: +44 1865 224100 E-mail: jacqueline.baker@gerontology.ox.ac.uk

Outline

- Abstract
- Background
- Objectives
- Criteria for considering studies for this review
 - Definitions
 - Types of participants
 - Types of interventions
 - Types of outcome measures
 - Search methods
 - Selection criteria
 - Data collection and analysis
 - Main results
 - Summary of findings
- Health economic considerations
- Conclusion
- Funding sources
- Conflicts of interest
- Author's roles
- Acknowledgments
- References
- Additional material available online
- Authors' biography
- Other versions of this review
- History
- Reviewers' information
- Funding
- Disclaimer
- About the Cochrane Database of Systematic Reviews

Outline...

Print Preview
Email Article Text

Links...

longer dose, except in the later study 31 when a four-week washout period was used. There were significantly more total dropouts and dropouts due to adverse events from the 10mg/day group than from the placebo or 5mg/day groups, and therefore side-effects remain a clinical issue.

Conclusions:^a

Implications for practice:^a

In selected patients with mild or moderate Alzheimer's disease treated for periods of 12, 24 and 32 weeks, donepezil at a dose of 10 mg/day produced modest improvements in cognitive function, measuring -2.9 points as a weighted mean (CI: -3.6 to -2.2), in the midrange of the 70 point ADAS-Cog Scale. Study clinician-rated global clinical state was more positively in treated patients. However, no improvements were present on patients' self-assessed quality of life and data on many important outcomes are not available. Benefit on the 10mg/day dose were marginally larger than on the 5mg dose, although the higher dropout rate on the 10mg dose may have biased outcome measures.

The practical importance of these changes to patients and carers is unclear.

Subsequent to the trials there have been reports of psychological disturbance, agitation and aggressive behaviour in patients taking donepezil which resolved when the drug was withdrawn or the dose reduced (Drug and Therapeutics Bulletin, 1998).

Implications for research:^a

Trial evidence of the effects of donepezil when taken for more than one year are not available. Trials of longer duration, carried out on patients more representative of the general population of older people with Alzheimer's disease are required. The outcomes should include measures of dependency and effects on carers.

The adverse events reported in Drug and Therapeutics Bulletin (1998) did not occur in a trial situation and should be investigated further.

Intramural sources of support to the review:^a

^a Division of Clinical Geratology, Nuffield Department of Clinical Medicine, University of Oxford UK

* NRS, R & D, UK

Extramural sources of support to the review:^a

11ο ΠΑΝΕΛΛΗΝΙΟ ΣΥΝΕΔΡΙΟ ΑΚΑΔΗΜΑΪΚΩΝ ΒΙΒΛΙΟΘΗΚΩΝ

The screenshot shows a Microsoft Internet Explorer window with the following details:

- Title Bar:** Books@David - Microsoft Internet Explorer
- Address Bar:** http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/entrez/
- Search Bar:** Donepezil for mild and moderate Alzheimer's disease
- Content Area:**
 - Outline:**
 - Abstract
 - Background
 - Objectives
 - Criteria for considering studies for this review**
 - Dates of recruitment
 - Types of intervention
 - Types of outcome measures
 - Unit of randomization
 - Search strategy for identification of studies
 - Methodology of the review
 - Describers of studies
 - Methdological qualities of included studies
 - Results
 - Discussion
 - Conclusion
 - Implications for practice
 - Legitimacy of research
 - Output:**
 - Print Preview
 - Email Article Text
 - Save Article Text
 - Links:**
 - Group Information
 - NCBI Full Text
 - Abstract
 - Complete Reference
 - Library Holdings
 - Comments & Criticisms
 - Help
 - Logout
 - History:** Donepezil for mild and moderate Alzheimer's disease

The screenshot shows a Microsoft Internet Explorer window with the following details:

- Title Bar:** Books@David - Microsoft Internet Explorer
- Address Bar:** http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/entrez/
- Content Area:**
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 - NEUROLOGY**
 - Copyright 2000 by the American Medical Association. All Rights Reserved. Applicable FARS/DARS Restrictions Apply to Government Use. American Medical Association, 515 N State St, Chicago, IL 60610.
 - Volume 57(1) January 2000 pp 94-99
 - Donepezil Therapy in Clinical Practice: A Randomized Crossover Study**
(Original Contribution)
 - Greenberg, Steven M, MD, PhD; Tenvir, Marsha K, RN; Brown, Laura B, Gomes-Isa, Teresa MD, PhD; Hayden, Douglas L, MA; Schoenfeld, David A, PhD; Walsh, Katie L; Corwin, Claire PA-C; Daffner, Kirk R, MD; Freedman, Pamela; Meadows, Mary Ellen PhD; Sperling, Rena A, MD; Growdon, John H, MD
 - From the Departments of Neurology, Partners Healthcare Inc (M Massachusetts General Hospital [Dr Greenberg, Dr Schoenfeld, and Drs Tenvir, Ms Brown, and Ms Walsh and Mr Hayden] and Brigham and Women's Hospital [Mrs Corwin and Drs Daffner, Ms Meadows, and Dr Sperling]), Harvard Medical School, Boston, Mass.
 - Reprints: Steven M. Greenberg, MD, PhD, Neurology Clinical Trials Unit, Massachusetts General Hospital, Wang ACC 526, Boston, MA 02114 (e-mail: greenberg@partners.org, bantred@hms.edu).
 - Outline:**
 - Abstract
 - PATIENTS AND METHODS**
 - PATIENTS AND ELIGIBILITY
 - RANDOMIZATION AND TREATMENT IN INTERVENTION
 - PATIENT EVALUATIONS
 - Output:**
 - Print Preview
 - Email Article Text
 - Save Article Text
 - Links:**

Figure 1. Study design. Top, Cross-over scheme of patients receiving single-blind placebo wash-in, followed by donepezil hydrochloride treatment and washout, and placebo treatment in random sequence. Primary outcome measure was the difference in Alzheimer's Disease Assessment Scale cognitive subscale scores at the beginning and end of each treatment period. Bottom, Flow diagram of patients enrolled in the study or who were withdrawn before or after randomization.

PATIENT EVALUATIONS

Evaluations were performed at 6, 12, 15, 18, 21, and 24 weeks. This schedule ensured that patients randomized to either schedule would be tested at the beginning and end of their donepezil and placebo treatments, and after 3 weeks of drug washout. Evaluations included (1) cognitive testing and determination of caregiver-rated global impression (see following paragraph), (2) assessment of compliance with study medication use, and (3) interview with the caregiver to verify concurrent medication use and adverse events (including date of onset and cessation, severity, and temporal relation to administration of study medication). Cognitive testing was performed by a psychometrist who was masked to the patient's treatment status, adverse event profile, concomitant medication use, pill compliance, caregiver-rated global impression of change, and overall study design. A separate set of personnel (also masked to patient information) scored the cognitive tests and entered data into a database.

The primary outcome measure was the Alzheimer's Disease Assessment Scale cognitive subscale (ADAS-cog), [6] an 11-item scale testing multiple areas of cognitive function. The ADAS-cog has been shown to have acceptable reliability and validity in Alzheimer's disease. [7] The ADAS-cog has been used in previous studies of Alzheimer's disease. [8]

17. Blessed G, Tomlinson BE, Roth M. The association between quantifiable measures of dementia and of senile change in the grey matter of elderly subjects. *Br J Psychiatry* 1968;114:797-811. ([View in PubMed](#)) ([Cited 1 time](#))

18. Folstein MF, Folstein SE, McHugh PR. Mini-Mental State: a practical method for grading the cognitive state of patients for the clinician. *J Psychiatr Res*. 1975;12:183-198. ([View in PubMed](#)) ([Cited 1 time](#))

19. Rossen RG, Mohs RC, Davis KL. A new rating scale for Alzheimer's disease. *Am J Psychiatry*. 1994;151:1556-1564. ([View in PubMed](#)) ([Cited 1 time](#))

20. Reischl CT, Brown ER, Osborne DP. A memory test for longitudinal measurement of mild to moderate deficits. *Clin Neuropsychol*. 1990;2:134-144. ([View in PubMed](#)) ([Cited 1 time](#))

21. Braundorf JO, Benton AL, Spreen O. Word fluency and brain damage. *Neuropsychologia*. 1967;5:125-139. ([View in PubMed](#))

22. Quenzer LL, Weintraub S, Higgins J, Wilcock G, Johnson L, Farrow M. Cholinesterase inhibition for Alzheimer disease: a meta-analysis of the human trials. *JAMA*. 1998;280:1777-1783. ([View in PubMed](#)) ([Cited 1 time](#)) ([View in Google Scholar](#)) ([View in Scopus](#))

23. Davies-Jones T, West H, Reback GW, et al. Clinical and pathological correlates of apolipoprotein E epsilon4 in Alzheimer's disease. *Ann Neurol*. 1996;39:62-70. ([View in PubMed](#)) ([Cited 1 time](#)) ([View in Google Scholar](#)) ([View in Scopus](#))

24. Conroy EL. A review of the randomized controlled trials of vaccine in the treatment of Alzheimer's disease: methodologic considerations. *Clin Neuropharmacol*. 1998;21:8-17. ([View in PubMed](#)) ([Cited 1 time](#)) ([View in Google Scholar](#)) ([View in Scopus](#))

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Accession Number: 00000916-200001000-00010

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American Medical Association, 515 N. State St., Chicago, IL 60610.
Volume 280(20) 25 November 1998 pp 1777-1782
Cholinesterase Inhibition for Alzheimer Disease: A Meta-analysis of the Tacrine Trials
(Review)
Quillardet, Nawab MRCP, DPhil; Whitehead, Anne MSc; Higgins, Julian PhD; Wiles, Gordon FRCP, DM; Schneider, Lon MD; Fairlie, Martin MD
The Dementia Trials Collaboration. From the Dementia Trials Collaboration, Cochrane Dementia Group, Department of Clinical Gerontology, University of Oxford, Radcliffe Infirmary, Oxford, England (Dr Quillardet); MVS Research Unit, University of Reading, England (Ms Whitehead); Systematic Reviews Training Unit, Institute of Child Health, London, England (Dr Higgins); Department of Care of the Elderly, Frenchay Hospital, Bristol, England (Dr Wiles); Department of Psychiatry, University of Southern California School of Medicine, Los Angeles (Dr Schneider); and Department of Neurology, Indiana University School of Medicine, Indianapolis (Dr Fairlie).

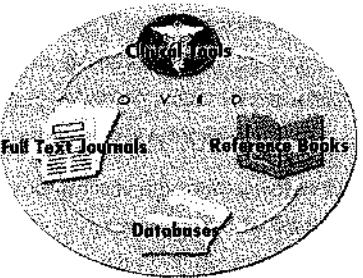
Outline

- Abstract
- METHODS
 - Identification of Studies and Collection of Data
 - Statistical Analysis
- RESULTS
 - Significance
 - Clinical Clinical Implications of Change
 - Future

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